



# Australian Stroke Coalition: the first four years

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# Background

 The Australian Stroke Coalition (ASC) was formed on the 11th of July 2008 and is co-chaired by the Stroke Society of Australasia (SSA) and the National Stroke Foundation (NSF). The ASC includes membership from state stroke networks, professional colleges and associations, and consumers.







# Background

#### **Networks literature**

#### Stakeholder views Study (McInnes et al 2011):

Factors for establishment of successful clinical networks:

- building relationships, namely effective leadership
- strategic evidence-based work plans
- adequate resources
- ability to implement and evaluate network initiatives

#### Network outcomes associated with two themes:

- i) Connecting and Engaging (interprofessional and consumer collaboration and forming strategic partnerships with state health and area health services)
- ii) Changing the Landscape of Care (value placed on the role of networks in improving health services, processes of care and patient outcomes; implementing evidence-based care, and in developing and supporting an engaged clinical workforce)





# Background

#### **Networks literature**

#### From (UK) NHS Networks 2006/7

Characteristics of successful networks:

- clear mission statements and rules of engagement
- inclusive
- user-focused, not structure driven
- not too large,
- promote shared commitment
- have a 'boundary-spanner'
- financed, proactive and well-organised coordination
- time to develop and learn network management skills
- network coordinators are at the centre
- develop sustainable interpersonal relationships





# **Aims**

 The ASC aims to improve stroke care by providing a critical communication link between relevant organisations and their members, reducing duplication and strengthening a unified voice for stroke care across Australia.





#### Method- 2008-2010

- Identified need by Audit and 2007 National Health Professional survey
- Identified organisations and individuals/leaders
- Set out TOR and agreed areas of focus.
- Drafted initial paper, summarizing current activity
- Identified priorities
- Resources supplied by NSF
- Set up structure of working groups on priority areas
- Met annually face to face





# Method -2008-2010 (cont)

## Initial priorities included:

- Response to acute event;
- Access to stroke unit care;
- rehabilitation;
- long term recovery and support and
- Workforce, training and professional development.





## Method -2010-2012

- Executive established
- Renewed commitment from all organisations
- Reviewed operations and TOR
- Working groups and project teams were established to develop and implement projects aligned to these priorities
- Communication strategy developed
- Member organisations surveyed





# Method -2010-2012

- New priorities established from survey results:
  - TIA
  - First 48 hours
  - Rehabilitation
  - Community care
  - Workforce, education and PD
  - Data and quality improvement
  - e-health





## Results

#### To-date the ASC has:

- Provided submissions to Government
- Stroke unit access project
- Stroke-specific education framework
- piloted a Rehabilitation assessment pathway and Stroke Care Plan
- TIA project
- Presentations and posters at Conferences





# Results (cont)

- Improved key opinion leader representation of membership
- Improved engagement with Networks
- More effective communication strategies
- Members are using ASC for dissemination
- Other orgs now using ASC for consultation





### Discussion

"planning fallacy is a tendency for people and organizations to underestimate how long they will need to complete a task"





#### Discussion

#### Factors for success

- Building relationships
- Effective leadership
- Engagement of KOL
- Adequate and targeted human resources
- Good people
- True shared vision and commitment
- Meaningful outcomes





# Conclusion

- As a new organisation the ASC is slowly gaining momentum and further work is required to publicise the work and outcomes of ASC projects.
- As a unified voice for stroke, and the strength and participation of its membership, it has the potential for being a powerful organisation for stroke networking and advocacy in Australia.